

GALLBLADDER DATA SHEET (ICD10 C23)

UICC TNM 9th EDITION STAGING SUMMARY

| Stage Group | T stage | N stage | M stage |
|-------------|------------|---------|---------|
| Stage 0 | Tis | N0 | M0 |
| Stage IA | T1a | N0 | M0 |
| Stage IB | T1b | N0 | M0 |
| Stage IIA | T2a | N0 | M0 |
| Stage IIB | T2b | N0 | M0 |
| Stage IIIA | T3 | N0 | M0 |
| Stage IIIB | T1, T2, T3 | N1 | M0 |
| Stage IVA | T4 | N0, N1 | M0 |
| Stage IVB | Any T | N2 | M0 |
| | Any T | Any N | M1 |

TNM Clinical Classification

T – Primary Tumour

| | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| cTX | Primary tumour cannot be assessed |
| cT0 | No evidence of primary tumour |
| cTis | Carcinoma in situ |
| cT1 | Tumour invades lamina propria or muscular layer cT1a - Tumour invades lamina propria cT1b - Tumour invades muscular layer |
| cT2 | Tumour invades perimuscular connective tissue; no extension beyond serosa or into liver cT2a - Tumour invades perimuscular connective tissue on the peritoneal side with no extension to the serosa cT2b - Tumour invades perimuscular connective tissue on the hepatic side with no extension into the liver |
| cT3 | Tumour perforates the serosa (visceral peritoneum) and/or directly invades the liver and/or one other adjacent organ or structure, such as stomach, duodenum, colon, pancreas, omentum or extrahepatic bile ducts |
| cT4 | Tumour invades main portal vein or hepatic artery or invades two or more extrahepatic organs or structures |

| N – Regional Lymph Nodes | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| cNX | Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed |
| cN0 | No regional lymph node metastasis |
| cN1 | Metastases to 1–3 regional nodes |
| cN2 | Metastasis to 4 or more regional nodes |

| M – Distant Metastasis | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| cM0 | No distant metastasis |
| cM1 | Distant metastasis |

| TNM Pathological Classification | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>The pT and pN categories correspond to the cT and cN categories</i> | |
| pN0 | Histological examination of a regional lymphadenectomy specimen should ordinarily include six or more lymph nodes. If the regional lymph nodes are negative, but the number ordinarily examined is not met, classify as pN0. |