

STOMACH DATA SHEET (ICD10 C16 - excluding C16.0)

UICC TNM 9th EDITION STAGING SUMMARY

Stage Group	T stage	N stage	M stage
Clinical Stage*			
Stage 0	Tis	N0	cM0
Stage I	T1, T2	N0	cM0
Stage IIA	T1, T2	N1, N2, N3	cM0
Stage IIB	T3, T4a	N0	cM0
Stage III	T3, T4a	N1, N2, N3	cM0
Stage IVA	T4b	Any N	cM0
Stage IVB	Any T	Any N	cM1
Pathological Stage*			
Stage 0	pTis	pN0	cM0
Stage IA	pT1	pN0	cM0
Stage IB	pT1	pN1	cM0
	pT2	pN0	cM0
Stage IIA	pT1	pN2	cM0
	pT2	pN1	cM0
	pT3	pN0	cM0
Stage IIB	pT1	pN3a	cM0
	pT2	pN2	cM0
	pT3	pN1	cM0
	pT4a	pN0	cM0
Stage IIIA	pT2	pN3a	cM0
	pT3	pN2	cM0
	pT4a	pN1, pN2	cM0
	pT4b	pN0	cM0
Stage IIIB	pT1, pT2	pN3b	cM0
	pT3, pT4a	pN3a	cM0
	pT4b	pN1, pN2	cM0
Stage IIIC	pT3, pT4a	pN3b	cM0
	pT4b	pN3a, pN3b	cM0
Stage IV	Any T	Any N	pM1

Note

*The AJCC publishes prognostic groups for use after neoadjuvant therapy (categories with the prefix 'y').
If the T or N category is clinical and the other category is pathological, the clinical stage should be used: e.g., pT2cN1 Stage as Clinical stage IIA.

TNM Clinical Classification	
T – Primary Tumour	
cTX	Primary tumour cannot be assessed
cT0	No evidence of primary tumour
cTis	Carcinoma in situ: intraepithelial tumour without invasion of the lamina propria, high-grade dysplasia
cT1	Tumour invades lamina propria, muscularis mucosae, or submucosa cT1a - Tumour invades lamina propria or muscularis mucosae cT1b - Tumour invades submucosa
cT2	Tumour invades muscularis propria
cT3	Tumour invades subserosa
cT4	Tumour perforates serosa (visceral peritoneum) or invades adjacent structures ^{a,b,c} cT4a - Tumour perforates serosa cT4b - Tumour invades adjacent structures ^{a,b}
Notes	
^a The adjacent structures of the stomach are the spleen, transverse colon, liver, diaphragm, pancreas, abdominal wall, adrenal gland, kidney, small intestine and retroperitoneum	
^b Intramural extension to the duodenum or oesophagus is classified by the depth of greatest invasion in any of these sites including stomach	
^c Tumour that extends into gastrocolic or gastrohepatic ligaments or into greater or lesser omentum, without perforation of visceral peritoneum, is T3	

N – Regional Lymph Nodes	
cNX	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
cN0	No regional lymph node metastasis
cN1	Metastasis in 1 to 2 regional lymph nodes
cN2	Metastasis in 3 to 6 regional lymph nodes
cN3	Metastasis in 7 or more regional lymph nodes cN3a - Metastasis in 7 to 15 regional lymph nodes cN3b - Metastasis in 16 or more regional lymph nodes

M – Distant Metastasis	
cM0	No distant metastasis
cM1	Distant Metastasis
Note Distant metastasis includes peritoneal seeding, positive peritoneal cytology, and omental tumour not part of continuous extension.	

TNM Pathological Classification	
<i>The pT and pN categories correspond to the T and N categories</i>	
pN0	Histological examination of a regional lymphadenectomy specimen should ordinarily include 16 or more lymph nodes. If the lymph nodes are negative, but the number ordinarily examined is not met, classify as pN0