

# OESOPHAGUS INCLUDING OESOPHAGOGASTRIC JUNCTION DATA SHEET (ICD10 C15, C16.0)

## UICC TNM 9<sup>th</sup> EDITION STAGING SUMMARY

Stage Group	T stage	N stage	M stage
<b><i>Squamous Cell Carcinoma – Clinical Stage*</i></b>			
Stage 0	Tis	N0	cM0
Stage I	T1	N0, N1	cM0
Stage II	T2	N0, N1	cM0
	T3	N0	cM0
Stage III	T1, T2	N2	cM0
	T3	N1, N2	cM0
Stage IVA	T4a, T4b	N0, N1, N2	cM0
	Any T	N3	cM0
Stage IVB	Any T	Any N	cM1
<b><i>Squamous Cell Carcinoma – Pathological Stage*</i></b>			
Stage 0	pTis	pN0	cM0
Stage IA	pT1a	pN0	cM0
Stage IB	pT1b	pN0	cM0
Stage IIA	pT2	pN0	cM0
Stage IIB	pT1	pN1	cM0
	pT3	pN0	cM0
Stage IIIA	pT1	pN2	cM0
	pT2	pN1	cM0
Stage IIIB	pT2	pN2	cM0
	pT3	pN1, pN2	cM0
	pT4a	pN0, pN1	cM0
Stage IVA	pT4a	pN2	cM0
	pT4b	Any pN	cM0
	Any pT	pN3	cM0
Stage IVB	Any T	Any N	pM1

<b>Stage Group</b>	<b>T stage</b>	<b>N stage</b>	<b>M stage</b>
<b><i>Adenocarcinoma – Clinical Stage*</i></b>			
Stage 0	Tis	N0	cM0
Stage I	T1	N0	cM0
Stage IIA	T1	N1	cM0
Stage IIB	T2	N0	cM0
Stage III	T2	N1	cM0
	T3, T4a	N0, N1	cM0
Stage IVA	T1 – T4a	N2	cM0
	T4b	N0, N1, N2	cM0
	Any T	N3	cM0
Stage IVB	Any T	Any N	cM1
<b><i>Adenocarcinoma – Pathological Stage*</i></b>			
Stage 0	pTis	pN0	cM0
Stage IA	pT1a	pN0	cM0
Stage IB	pT1b	pN0	cM0
Stage IIA	pT2	pN0	cM0
Stage IIB	pT1	pN1	cM0
	pT3	pN0	cM0
Stage IIIA	pT1	pN2	cM0
	pT2p	pN1	cM0
Stage IIIB	pT2	pN2	cM0
	pT3	pN1, pN2	cM0
	pT4a	pN0, pN1	cM0
Stage IVA	pT4a	pN2	cM0
	pT4b	Any pN	cM0
	Any pT	pN3	cM0
Stage IVB	Any pT	Any pN	pM1
<p>Note</p> <p>*If the T or N category is clinical and the other category is pathological, the clinical stage should be used, unless the M category is pM1, in which case the pathological stage is used regardless of whether the T and N categories are pathological or clinical: e.g., for squamous cell carcinoma, pT2cN1 Stage as Clinical Stage II.</p>			

<b>TNM Clinical Classification</b>	
<b>T – Primary Tumour</b>	
<b>cTX</b>	Primary tumour cannot be assessed
<b>cT0</b>	No evidence of primary tumour
<b>cTis</b>	Carcinoma in situ/high-grade dysplasia
<b>cT1</b>	Tumour invades lamina propria, muscularis mucosae, or submucosa <b>cT1a</b> - Tumour invades lamina propria or muscularis mucosae <b>cT1b</b> - Tumour invades submucosa
<b>cT2</b>	Tumour invades muscularis propria
<b>cT3</b>	Tumour invades adventitia including peri-oesophageal fat
<b>cT4</b>	Tumour invades adjacent structures <b>cT4a</b> - Tumour invades pleura, pericardium, azygos vein, diaphragm, or peritoneum <b>cT4b</b> - Tumour invades other adjacent structures such as aorta, vertebral body, or trachea

<b>N – Regional Lymph Nodes</b>	
<b>cNX</b>	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
<b>cN0</b>	No regional lymph node metastasis
<b>cN1</b>	Metastasis in 1 to 2 regional lymph nodes
<b>cN2</b>	Metastasis in 3 to 6 regional lymph nodes
<b>cN3</b>	Metastasis in 7 or more regional lymph nodes

<b>M – Distant Metastasis</b>	
<b>M0</b>	No distant metastasis
<b>M1</b>	Distant Metastasis

<b>TNM Pathological Classification</b>	
<b><i>The pT and pN categories correspond to the cT and cN categories</i></b>	
<b>pN0</b>	Histological examination of a regional lymphadenectomy specimen should ordinarily include 7 or more lymph nodes. If the lymph nodes are negative, but the number ordinarily examined is not met, classify as pN0